

Sigurnost i zaštita – specijalistički diplomski stručni studij						
Oznaka kolegija	ISVU oznaka	Predmet	Predmet ENG	Nastavnik	Semestar	ECTS
RSPZOP16 SZ806	165910 83319	UPRAVLJANJE ZAŠTITOM OD POŽARA PRIMJENOM RAČUNALA	Managing fire protection using computers	Kralj, Damir	II.	6,0
SR303 SZ901	171332 83286	UPRAVLJANJE ZAŠTITOM NA RADU PRIMJENOM RAČUNALA	Managing safety at work using computers	Kralj, Damir	III.	7,0
SZ912	171402 83322	EKSPERTIZA POŽARA I EKSPLOZIJA	Expertise of Fire and Explosion	Jakšić, Lidija	III.	6,0
SZ701	171404 171333, 38465	KONTROLA KVALITETE	Quality Control	Jakšić, Lidija	III.	6,0



### **General information**

Course title:	Managing safety at work using computers
ISVU¹ course code:	171332,83286
Studies in which the course is taught:	Specialist graduate professional study: Safety at work
Course Instructor:	Damir Kralj, PhD, college professor
Course Assistant:	-
ECTS credits:	7
Semester of the course execution:	III. semester
Academic year:	2022/2023
Exam prerequisites:	no
Lectures are given in a foreign language:	yes
Aims:	The aim of the course is to train students that through the
	analysis of the basic methods and procedures of introduction
	and / or expansion of computer supported information systems
	proactively acting within their future work environment.

#### Course

Course				
Course structure	Number of contact	Number of contact	Student's requirements by	
	hours per week:	hours per semester:	type of teaching:	
Lectures:	2	30	attendance 80%	
Tutorials:				
Practical (lab) sessions:	3	45	attendance 80%	
Seminars:				
Field work:				
Other:				
TOTAL:	5	75		

_	LEARNING OUTCOMES	FACTORS AFFECTING THE	MAXIMUM
Formation of the grade	(upon completion of the	GRADE (e.g. term paper,	NUMBER OF
during the implementation	course the student should be	practical work, presentation,	POINTS PER
of teaching:	able to:)	)	FACTOR
	<b>I1:</b> Explain the main reasons		
(Define from minimum 5	for the introduction of a		
to maximum 10 learning	computer supported	_	C-11
outcomes)	information systems in	Exam	Colloquium of
	business systems.		exercises – 30
	<b>I2:</b> Present the basic		points
	methods for analysis and		Cl
	design of information	Colloquium	Class attend
	systems	-	activity – 10
	<b>I3:</b> Classify the possible risk		points
	and success factors in		Torm nanor
	implementation of new	Term paper	Term paper- 30 points
	information systems		50 points
	<b>I4:</b> Distinguish basic data	Callaguine	Oral exam -
	modelling methods	Colloquium	30 points
	<b>I5:</b> Estimate the types of		30 points
	harmful effects and the ways	Term paper	
	of their prevention	<b>^ ^</b>	
	<b>I6:</b> Illustrate the methods of		
	selecting the software,	_	
	computer and network	Exam	
	support of information		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  ISVU – Information System of Higher Education Institutions in Croatia



	system.		
Alternative formation of the grade (I1-I10)	or alternative formation of the grade: I1 - I6 Successfully written midterm exam – up to 30% of the final grade (alternative for oral exam)		TOTAL: 100 points
Students' competencies	Students will be able to successfully apply the acquired knowledge for the use design and improvement of planned and / or started projects of computeriza and identify possible risk factors and failure in their work environment. Base the knowledge acquired in class and successfully worked out exercises tasks, students will gain general and professional competence for independent application of widely available software tools (MS Excel, MS Access, MS Visio) the independent development of handy computer- driven records to help the work in their work environments where are still not introduced information subsystems for managing of safety at work (SW), environmental protection (and fire protection (FP), as well as for preparation of the existing data to be neasily usable in the newly introduced information system. Students will becofamiliar with the capabilities of some of commercially available versions of the software for managing of SW, EP and FP (e.g. WebZNR, STPRO, EVIZ).		f computerization conment. Based on cercises tasks, ependent cess, MS Visio) for ds to help them l information l protection (EP) eg data to be more cents will become versions of

Prerequisites for course approval (lecturer's signature):	Class and exercises attendance a minimum of 80%, passed the colloquium of exercises and rated term paper.
Prerequisites for taking exams:	Passed colloquium of exercises and rated term paper
Grading scale:	(According to the Regulations on student assessment of Karlovac University of Applied Sciences, Article 9, Paragraph 5) 90-100 - excellent (5) (A) 80 to 89.9 - very good (4) (B) 65 to 79.9 - good (3) (C) 60 to 64.9 - sufficient (2) (D) 50 to 59.9 - sufficient (2) (E) 0 to 49.9 - fail (1) (F)  Students are graded during class, what forms 70% of final exam. Students who achieve 50% (35 points) and more are allowed to take the final exam. The score on final exam makes 30% of the final grade.

### **ECTS structure**

ECTS credits allocated to the course reflect the total burden to the student during adoption of the course content. Total contact hours, relative gravity of the content, effort required for exam preparation, as well as, every other possible burden are taken in account:

possible but dell are taken in decount.					
Attendance	Term paper	Composition	Presentation	Continuous	Practical work
(active				assessment and	
participation)				evaluation	
0.7	2.1				
Independent work	Project	Written exam	Oral exam	Other	
		2.1	2.1		

Week	Lectures topics/units and learning outcomes:	Tutorials topics/units and learning outcomes:	
1. Introduction to the course, definitions of basic		Introduction to equipment in the computer	
	terms: I1	cabinet and the rules of behaviour while	
		performing the exercises, content analysis	



		exercises, the basics of using the available
		hardware and software support: <b>I1</b>
2.	Analysis of the relationship between existing	Microsoft Excel: making simple records, data
	business (BS) and the planned information	formatting, sort and search and browsing of tables
	system (IS): I1	inside of workbook: <b>I1</b>
3.	Basic principles, methods and techniques of	Microsoft Excel: automation of data entry,
	planning and designing the IS: I2	standardized data exchange with other software
		tools and databases: I2
4.	Comparison of the most commonly used	Microsoft Visio: presentation of the working
	methodologies for planning and design of IS: <b>I2</b>	environment, introduction of templates, design
5.	The vales and teals of the neutral parts in the	the work area (page): <b>I2</b>
5.	The roles and tasks of the participants in the planning and design of IS: <b>I2</b>	Microsoft Visio: designing of organizational charts: I2
6.	The analysis of potential risk and success	Microsoft Visio: designing of E-R diagrams: <b>I2</b>
0.	factors in implementing of new IS: <b>I3</b>	Microsoft visio. designing of E-R diagrams. 12
7.	The basics of workflow and data modelling	Microsoft Access: presentation of the working
	methods; Comparison entity – object: <b>I4</b>	environment, organization and review of
		development tools: I4
8.	Design of E-R diagrams; Application of MS Visio	Microsoft Access: design of data tables (intension,
	software: <b>I4</b>	extension): I4
9.	Analysis of the most common types of entities	Microsoft Access: import data from other software
	within an IS; Attributes and their domains: <b>I4</b>	tools, normalization of the spreadsheet records
		imported from MS Excel: <b>I4</b>
10.	Basics of databases (relational, object, XML);	Microsoft Access: relationships and referential
11	Application MS Access software: I4	integrity: I3
11.	Methods of normalization of the relational databases: <b>I4</b>	Microsoft Access: design of screen forms for
12.	Selection of software, computer and network	entering, viewing and deleting data: <b>I4</b> Microsoft Access: design of various types of SQL
12.	support of the new IS: <b>I6</b>	queries: <b>I4</b>
13.	Protection of information systems against data	Microsoft Access: formatting reports and
10.	loss and external harmful influences: <b>I5</b>	printouts: 14
14.	Specifics of information subsystems for	Training for preliminary exam: <b>I4</b>
	management of SW, EP and the FP inside of the	
	information system of an company; Analysis of	
	the strategic and tactical elements: I2, I4, I6	
15.	Review of the possibilities of some	Coloquium: Preliminary exam: I2, I3, I4
	commercially available versions of the	
	software for management of SW, EP and FP: <b>I6</b>	

#### References

### REFERENCES (compulsory/additional):

#### Compulsory:

Kralj, D., Upravljanje ZNR i ZOP primjenom računala, Interna elektronička skripta, 2018.

Kralj. D., Primjena računala, Veleučilište u Karlovcu, Karlovac, 2018.

Strahonja, V., Varga, M., Pavlić, M., Projektiranje informacijskih sustava – Metodološki priručnik, Zavod za informatičku djelatnost Hrvatske i INA - INFO, Zagreb, 1992.

ITdesk.Info, Microsoft Office 2010, ODRAZI, Zagreb,

2011. ITdesk.Info, Računalna sigurnost, CARNET,

Zagreb, 2011.

#### Additional:

Fertalj, K., Kalpić, D., Projektiranje informacijskih sustava, Sveučilište u Zagrebu, FER – ZPR,

2006. Luić, Lj., Informacijski sustaviVeleučilište u Karlovcu, Karlovac, 2009.

EVIZ, www.zitel.hr, ZITEL, Zagreb

WebZNR, www.linijakoda.hr, Zagreb



EVIDENKO, www.zirs.hr, Zavod za istraživanje i razvoj sigurnosti, Zagreb Sinarm, www.sinarm.net, Web IT, Osijek

Exams for the academic year: 2022./ 2023.

Exams for the deductific year. <u>2022,</u> 2025.		
Exam dates:	According to the schedule of exams for academic year.	

1. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	Damir Kralj, PhD, college professor	
e-mail:	damir.kralj@vuka.hr	
Office hours / Consultations:	after classes, with email announcement	
2. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	-	
e-mail:	-	
Office hours / Consultations:	-	



### **General information**

Course title:	Managing fire protection using computers
ISVU <sup>2</sup> course code:	165910, 83319
Studies in which the course is taught:	Specialist graduate professional study: Fire protection
Course Instructor:	Damir Kralj, PhD, college professor
Course Assistant:	-
ECTS credits:	6
Semester of the course execution:	II. semester
Academic year:	2022/2023
Exam prerequisites:	no
Lectures are given in a foreign language:	yes
Aims:	The aim of the course is to train students that through the analysis of the basic methods and procedures of introduction and / or expansion of computer supported information systems proactively acting within their future work environment.

#### Course

dourse			
Course structure	Number of contact	Number of contact	Student's requirements by
	hours per week:	hours per semester:	type of teaching:
Lectures:	2	30	attendance 80%
Tutorials:			
Practical (lab) sessions:	3	45	attendance 80%
Seminars:			
Field work:			
Other:			
TOTAL:	5	75	

LEARNING OUTCOMES	FACTORS AFFECTING THE	MAXIMUM
(upon completion of the	GRADE (e.g. term paper,	NUMBER OF
course the student should be	practical work, presentation,	POINTS PER
able to:)	)	FACTOR
<b>I1:</b> Explain the main reasons		
for the introduction of a		
computer supported	_	Callaguium of
information systems in	Exam	Colloquium of
business systems.		exercises – 30
<b>I2:</b> Present the basic		points
methods for analysis and		Class attend
design of information	Colloquium	
systems		activity – 10 points
<b>I3:</b> Classify the possible risk		politics
and success factors in		Term paper-
implementation of new	Term paper	30 points
		30 points
	Colloquium	Oral exam -
modelling methods	Conoquium	30 points
<b>I5:</b> Estimate the types of		oo pomes
harmful effects and the ways	Term paper	
of their prevention		
	Evere	
	Exam	
	(upon completion of the course the student should be able to:)  I1: Explain the main reasons for the introduction of a computer supported information systems in business systems.  I2: Present the basic methods for analysis and design of information systems  I3: Classify the possible risk and success factors in implementation of new information systems  I4: Distinguish basic data modelling methods  I5: Estimate the types of harmful effects and the ways	(upon completion of the course the student should be able to:)  I1: Explain the main reasons for the introduction of a computer supported information systems in business systems.  I2: Present the basic methods for analysis and design of information systems  I3: Classify the possible risk and success factors in implementation of new information systems  I4: Distinguish basic data modelling methods  I5: Estimate the types of harmful effects and the ways of their prevention  I6: Illustrate the methods of selecting the software, computer and network  GRADE (e.g. term paper, practical work, presentation,)  Exam  Exam  Colloquium  Term paper  Term paper  Term paper  Term paper

 $<sup>^2\</sup> ISVU-Information$  System of Higher Education Institutions in Croatia



	system.		
Alternative formation of the grade (I1-I10)	or alternative formation of the Successfully written midtern grade (alternative for oral example)	TOTAL: 100 points	
Students' competencies	Students will be able to successfully apply the acquired knowled design and improvement of planned and / or started projects of and identify possible risk factors and failure in their work environ the knowledge acquired in class and successfully worked out exestudents will gain general and professional competence for indepapplication of widely available software tools (MS Excel, MS Accessfully work in their work environments where are still not introduced subsystems for managing of safety at work (SW), environmental and fire protection (FP), as well as for preparation of the existing easily usable in the newly introduced information system. Studenfamiliar with the capabilities of some of commercially available with the software for managing of SW, EP and FP (e.g. WebZNR, STPR as the functionalities of applications in the e-HVZ system.		computerization onment. Based on ercises tasks, ependent ess, MS Visio) for ds to help them information l protection (EP) g data to be more ents will become versions of

Prerequisites for course approval (lecturer's signature):	Class and exercises attendance a minimum of 80%, passed the colloquium of exercises and rated term paper.
Prerequisites for taking	Passed colloquium of exercises and rated term paper
exams:	Tabbou conoquium or oner case and racea corm paper
Grading scale:	(According to the Regulations on student assessment of Karlovac University of Applied Sciences, Article 9, Paragraph 5) 90-100 - excellent (5) (A) 80 to 89.9 - very good (4) (B) 65 to 79.9 - good (3) (C) 60 to 64.9 - sufficient (2) (D) 50 to 59.9 - sufficient (2) (E) 0 to 49.9 - fail (1) (F)  Students are graded during class, what forms 70% of final exam. Students who achieve 50% (35 points) and more are allowed to take the final exam. The score on final exam makes 30% of the final grade.

### **ECTS structure**

ECTS credits allocated to the course reflect the total burden to the student during adoption of the course content. Total contact hours, relative gravity of the content, effort required for exam preparation, as well as, every other possible burden are taken in account:

Attendance (active participation)	Term paper	Composition	Presentation	Continuous assessment and evaluation	Practical work
0.6	1.8				
Independent work	Project	Written exam	Oral exam	Other	
		1.8	1.8		

Week	Lectures topics/units and learning outcomes:	Tutorials topics/units and learning outcomes:
1.	Introduction to the course, definitions of basic	Introduction to equipment in the computer
	terms: I1	cabinet and the rules of behaviour while
		performing the exercises, content analysis



exercises, the basics of using the a hardware and software support:  2. Analysis of the relationship between existing Microsoft Excel: making simple relati	
2. Analysis of the relationship between existing Microsoft Excel: making simple re	
	ecords, data
business (BS) and the planned information formatting, sort and search and b	
system (IS): <b>I1</b> inside of workbook: <b>I1</b>	o .
3. Basic principles, methods and techniques of Microsoft Excel: automation of da	ata entry,
planning and designing the IS: <b>I2</b> standardized data exchange with	other software
tools and databases: I2	
4. Comparison of the most commonly used Microsoft Visio: presentation of the	
methodologies for planning and design of IS: <b>I2</b> environment, introduction of tem	ıplates, design
the work area (page): I2	
5. The roles and tasks of the participants in the Microsoft Visio: designing of orga	ınizational
planning and design of IS: I2 charts: I2	
6. The analysis of potential risk and success Microsoft Visio: designing of E-R	diagrams: <b>I2</b>
factors in implementing of new IS: I3	
7. The basics of workflow and data modelling Microsoft Access: presentation of	
methods; Comparison entity – object: <b>I4</b> environment, organization and re	eview of
development tools: 14	11 6
8. Design of E-R diagrams; Application of MS Visio Microsoft Access: design of data to	ables (intension,
software: I4 extension): I4	
9. Analysis of the most common types of entities within an IS; Attributes and their domains: <b>I4</b> Microsoft Access: import data from the spread tools, normalization of the spread	
within an IS; Attributes and their domains: <b>I4</b> tools, normalization of the spread imported from MS Excel: <b>I4</b>	isheet records
10. Basics of databases (relational, object, XML); Microsoft Access: relationships ar	nd referential
Application MS Access software: <b>I4</b> integrity: <b>I3</b>	ilu referentiai
11. Methods of normalization of the relational Microsoft Access: design of screen	n forms for
databases: <b>I4</b>   Methods of horimanization of the relational entering, viewing and deleting databases:	
12. Selection of software, computer and network Microsoft Access: design of various	
support of the new IS: <b>I6</b> queries: <b>I4</b>	us types of 5QL
13. Protection of information systems against data Microsoft Access: formatting repo	orts and
loss and external harmful influences: <b>I5</b> printouts: <b>I4</b>	
14. Specifics of information subsystems for Training for preliminary exam: <b>I4</b>	1
management of SW, EP and the FP inside of the	
information system of an company; Analysis of	
the strategic and tactical elements: <b>I2, I4, I6</b>	
15. Analysis of the structure and review of the Coloquium: Preliminary exam: <b>I2</b>	, I3, I4
possibilities of IS HVZ. <b>I3</b>	

### References

### REFERENCES (compulsory/additional):

### Compulsory:

Kralj, D., Upravljanje ZNR i ZOP primjenom računala, Interna elektronička skripta, 2018.

Kralj. D., Primjena računala, Veleučilište u Karlovcu, Karlovac, 2018.

HVZ, Dokumenti, hvz.gov.hr

Strahonja, V., Varga, M., Pavlić, M., Projektiranje informacijskih sustava – Metodološki priručnik, Zavod za informatičku djelatnost Hrvatske i INA - INFO, Zagreb, 1992.

ITdesk.Info, Microsoft Office 2010, ODRAZI, Zagreb,

2011. ITdesk.Info, Računalna sigurnost, CARNET,

Zagreb, 2011.

#### Additional:

Fertalj, K., Kalpić, D., Projektiranje informacijskih sustava, Sveučilište u Zagrebu, FER – ZPR, 2006. Luić, Lj., Informacijski sustavi Veleučilište u Karlovcu, Karlovac, 2009.

EVIZ, www.zitel.hr, ZITEL, Zagreb

WebZNR, www.linijakoda.hr, Zagreb



EVIDENKO, www.zirs.hr, Zavod za istraživanje i razvoj sigurnosti, Zagreb Sinarm, www.sinarm.net, Web IT, Osijek

Exams for the academic year: 2022./2023.

Exam dates:	According to the schedule of exams for academic year: 2021/2022

1. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	Damir Kralj, PhD, college professor
e-mail:	damir.kralj@vuka.hr
Office hours / Consultations:	after classes, with email announcement
2. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	-
e-mail:	-
Office hours / Consultations:	-



### **General information**

Course title:	Expertise of Fire and Explosion
ISVU <sup>3</sup> course code:	171402, 83322
Studies in which the course is taught:	Specialist Graduate Study in Safety and Protection - Fire Safety
	and Protection
Course Instructor:	Lidija Jakšić, mag.ing.cheming., lecturer
Course Assistant:	-
ECTS credits:	6.0
Semester of the course execution:	III
Academic year:	2022/2023
Exam prerequisites:	No prerequisites
Lectures are given in a foreign language:	Teach a student about general structure, specific contents and the most useful elements of contemporary scientific, forensic and professional praxis for investigating and determining kinds/patterns, manners, causes, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fires and explosions occurrences; about professional selection and application of most appropriate scientific/forensic methods and techniques in fire/explosion cause determination in different simple and complex fire/explosion cases and investigative situations; about system of effective measures, procedures and activities for timely and skilfully avoiding typical investigative omissions, oversights and mistakes which could jeopardize reliability and credibility of the results of forensic fire/explosion cause determination; about content and manners of preparing documents for court expert testimony and opinion testimony and, finally, about court rules and usual professional praxis of presenting and defending results of an fire/explosion expertise.
Aims:	6.0

### Course

Course structure	Number of contact hours per week:	Number of contact hours per semester:	Student's requirements by type of teaching:
Lectures:	3	45	attendance 80%
Tutorials:	2	30	attendance 100%
Practical (lab) sessions:	-	_	
Seminars:	-	_	
Field work:	-	_	
Other:	_	_	
TOTAL:	5	75	

Formation of the grade during the implementation of teaching:	LEARNING OUTCOMES (upon completion of the course the student should be able to:)	FACTORS AFFECTING THE GRADE (e.g. term paper, practical work, presentation,)	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF POINTS PER FACTOR
(Define from minimum 5 to maximum 10 learning outcomes)	LO1: List and explain role of all fields, branches and kinds of forensic sciences, different kinds of professions, handicrafts and skills especially useful for researching, testing and determining possible	Appropriate choice and use of adequate kinds of forensic sciences, professions, handicrafts and skills in student's case study analysis	A) Quality of seminar paper: 80

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ISVU – Information System of Higher Education Institutions in Croatia



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evidence of all most probable kinds/patterns, manners, causes, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fires and explosions occurrences.  LO2: Recognize possible characteristic fire/explosion scene circumstantial and physical evidence in damaged or destroyed residential or public buildings and recommend appropriate kinds, techniques and purposes of testing of that evidence in situ and/or in forensic laboratory.  LO3: Recognize possible characteristic fire/explosion scene circumstantial and physical evidence in damaged or destroyed industrial buildings, process plants and process units and recommend appropriate kinds, techniques and purposes of testing of that evidence in situ and/or in forensic laboratory.  LO4: Recognize possible characteristic fire/explosion scene circumstantial and purposes of testing of that evidence in situ and/or in forensic laboratory.  LO4: Recognize possible characteristic fire/explosion scene circumstantial and physical evidence in situ and/or in forensic laboratory.  LO4: Recognize possible characteristic fire/explosion scene circumstantial and physical evidence in situ and/or in forensic laboratory.  LO4: Recognize possible characteristic fire/explosion scene circumstantial and physical evidence in situ and/or in forensic laboratory.	Quality of seminar paper, oral case study presentation, and individual activity of students during case study critical analysis  Quality of seminar paper, oral case study presentation, and individual activity of students during case study critical analysis  Quality of seminar paper, oral case study presentation, and individual activity of students during case study critical analysis	(maximum number of points)  B) Quality of oral case study presentation, and activity during case study presentations of other students: 20 (maximum number of points)
and recommend appropriate kinds, techniques and purposes of testing of that	Quality of seminar paper, oral case study presentation, and individual activity of students during case study critical analysis  Quality of seminar paper, oral case study presentation, and individual activity of students	



	formulate, publicly present and defend results of his expertise about (un)determined fire/explosion cause, manner, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of the occurrence.	during case analysis	study	critical	
Alternative formation of the grade (I1-I10)	or alternative formation of	the grade: LO 1 -	- LO 6		TOTAL: 100 points
Students' competencies	Student will be able to classidifferent kinds of professions, or crucially important for rese of all most probable kinds/pa effects and consequences of fir They will be also able to difire/explosion scene circum destroyed different kinds of wildland fires, to recommentesting of the evidence in situ publicly present and defend remanner, conditions, circumsta	handicrafts and searching, testing a carching, testing a ctterns, manners, res and explosions scover and reconstantial and phonoid buildings, transed appropriate king a and/or in forest esults of their exp	kills when and determined causes, soccurring gnize physical apport verified inds, tensic laboratise	nich can bermining condition rences. cossible cevidence behicles, vechniques coratory, about fire	possible evidence ns, circumstances, characteristic of a in damaged or ressels, wood and and purposes of and to formulate, e/explosion cause,

Prerequisites for course approval (lecturer's signature):	Student's lecture and exercises attendance
Prerequisites for taking exams:	Lecturer's signature
Grading scale:	(According to the Regulations on student assessment of Karlovac University of Applied Sciences, Article 9, Paragraph 5) 90-100 - excellent (5) (A) 80 to 89.9 - very good (4) (B) 65 to 79.9 - good (3) (C) 60 to 64.9 - sufficient (2) (D) 50 to 59.9 - sufficient (2) (E) 0 to 49.9 - fail (1) (F)  Students are graded during class, what forms 70% of final exam. Students who achieve 50% (35 points) and more are allowed to take the final exam. The score on final exam makes 30% of the final grade.

### **ECTS structure**

ECTS credits allocated to the course reflect the total burden to the student during adoption of the course content. Total contact hours, relative gravity of the content, effort required for exam preparation, as well as, every other possible burden are taken in account:

possible buldell	are taken in acco	Juiit.			
Attendance	Term paper	Composition	Presentation	Continuous	Practical work
(active				assessment and	
participation)				evaluation	
1,0	3,0	_	0,5	-	1,0
Independent work	Project	Written exam	Oral exam	Other	
0,5	_	_	1,0	_	



Week	topics/units per week associated with learning Lectures topics/units and learning outcomes:	Tutorials topics/units and learning outcomes:
1	Methods and techniques in contemporary scientific, forensic and other professional praxis of investigating and determining	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern,
	kinds/patterns, manners, causes, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fires and explosions occurrences: <b>LO1</b>	manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire occurrence in a typical kind of residential building: <b>LO2</b> and <b>LO6</b>
2	Fields, branches and kinds of forensic sciences, different kinds of professions, handicrafts and skills which can be especially useful or crucially important for researching, testing and determining possible evidence of all most probable kinds/patterns, manners, causes, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fires and explosions occurrences: <b>LO1</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of gas explosion occurrence in a typical kind of residential building: LO2 and LO6
3	Overview of kinds and general investigative possibilities of most often used methods and techniques in contemporary forensic chemistry, biochemistry, chemical engineering and technology, pyrotechnology, thermodynamics, ballistics, electrotechnics, electronics, mechanical engineering, civil engineering, medicine, toxicology, ecology etc., for performing forensic analysis of investigative relevant kinds, shapes and patterns of physical and circumstantial evidence at fire/explosion scene and in forensic lab: LO1	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire or gas explosion occurrence in a typical kind of small handicraft buildings: LO2 and LO6
4	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire or explosion cause investigation in the cases of typical kinds of residential and small handicraft buildings: LO2 and LO6	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire occurrence in a typical kind of hotel, hostel, college/students' boardinghouse or night club: <b>LO2</b> and <b>LO6</b>
5	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire or explosion cause investigation in the cases of typical kinds of public buildings for trading, tourism, culture, amusement and sport: <b>LO2</b> and <b>LO6</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire occurrence in a typical kind of department store or a kind off city market centre: <b>LO2</b> and <b>LO6</b>
6	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire or explosion cause investigation in the cases of typical kinds of public buildings for education, health and social care: <b>LO2</b> and <b>LO6</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire occurrence in a typical kind of building for health or social care: LO2 and LO6
7	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire or explosion cause investigation in the cases of some typical kinds of industrial buildings, process plants and	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire and/or explosion



	process units (operations) in oil, petrochemical and pharmaceutical industry: <b>LO3</b> and <b>LO6</b>	occurrence in a typical kind of industrial building, process plant or process unit (operation) in oil industry: <b>LO3</b> and <b>LO6</b>
8	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire or explosion cause investigation in the cases of some typical kinds of industrial buildings, process plants and process units (operations) in wood-processing, textile, food and alcohol beverage industry: LO3 and LO6	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire and/or explosion occurrence in a typical kind of industrial building, process plant or process unit (operation) in petrochemical industry: <b>LO3</b> and <b>LO6</b>
9	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire or explosion cause investigation in the cases of typical kinds of passenger and goods transport vehicles, vessels and transport structures (tunnels and pipelines): LO4 and LO6	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire and/or explosion occurrence in a typical kind of industrial building, process plant or process unit (operation) in pharmaceutical industry: <b>LO3</b> and <b>LO6</b>
10	Possible specific forensic issues and methods/techniques for expert fire cause investigation in the cases of wood and wildland fires: <b>LO5</b> and <b>LO6</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire and/or explosion occurrence in a typical kind of industrial building, process plant or process unit (operation) in wood-processing or in food or alcohol beverage industry: <b>LO3</b> and <b>LO6</b>
11	Usual investigative omissions, oversights and mistakes which could jeopardize reliability and credibility of the results of fire/explosion cause determination and forensic expertise and system of appropriate measures, procedures and activities for timely avoiding them: LO1 – LO5	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire and/or explosion occurrence in a typical kind of industrial building, process plant or process unit (operation) in textile industry: <b>LO3</b> and <b>LO6</b>
12	Addresses and contents of world famous publicly available and internal professional data basis for forensic laboratories and for individual forensic experts: <b>L06</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire or explosion occurrence in a typical kind of passenger or goods road/railway transport vehicle or transport structure (tunnel or pipeline): LO4 and LO6
13	Contemporary commercial computer software and expert systems for forensic simulation tests and for comparative investigations and analysis of probable causes, conditions and cases of fire/explosion initiation, development, dynamics, effects and consequences in different kinds of spaces and environments: <b>LO6</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of fire or explosion occurrence in a typical kind of passenger or goods maritime transport, or in a typical kind of port, marina or ship repairing yard: <b>LO4</b> and <b>LO6</b>
14	Rules, manners, means and techniques for preparing documents for court expert testimony and opinion testimony (written documents and photo, video, animated and	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects



	graphic appendices of expertise about (un)determined fire/explosion cause, manner, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of the occurrence): <b>LO2</b> – <b>LO6</b>	and consequences of wood or wildland fire: LO5 and LO6
15	Rules and manners of presenting and defending results of fire/explosion expertise at court: <b>LO6</b>	Case study and critical analysis of results and used methods and techniques in a case of investigation and determination of possible kind/pattern, manner, cause, conditions, circumstances, effects and consequences of agricultural crops/plants fire: LO5 and LO6

#### References

### REFERENCES (compulsory/additional):

#### **Compulsory for Croatian speaking students:**

- 1) Kulišić, D. (2003). *Metodika istraživanja požara i eksplozija*, Samoizdat (Nastavnik), Zagreb.
- 2) Pačelat, R., Zorić, Z. (2003). Istraživanje uzroka požara, Zavod za istraživanje i razvoj sigurnosti (ZIRS), Zagreb.
- 3) Kulišić, D. (2011). The benefits from using professionally developed models of possible hazardous materials accident scenarios in crime scene investigation, Gl. 9, U: *Managing Global Environmental Threats to Air, Water and Soil Examples from South Eastern Europe*, pp. 151-186., Springer (NATO Science for Peace and Security Series C: Environmental Security). Meško, G., Dimitrijević, D. & Fields, C.B. (Eds.), Dordrecht.
- 4) Kulišić, D. (2015). Prepoznatljiva i dokazno važna obilježja praktičkih izvora energije paljenja u sklopu sustava s brojnijim i/ili složenijim požarnim i eksplozijskim opasnostima, *Zbornik radova IV. međunarodne znanstveno-stručne konferencije "Istraživački dani Visoke policijske škole u Zagrebu"*, Butorac, K. (ur.), str. 586.-612., Zagreb, 23.-24. travnja 2015., Zagreb: Visoka policijska škola MUP-a RH. (dostupno na: <a href="http://www.policija.hr/211645.aspx">http://www.policija.hr/211645.aspx</a>).
- 5) Kulišić, D. (2008). Indicije paleži zloporabom gorivih kapljevina, Zbornik radova "II. međunarodnog stručnoznanstvenog skupa *Zaštita na radu i zaštita zdravlja*" (24. 09. - 27. 09. 2008., Bjelolasica), str. 405.-409. **Compulsory for English speaking students:**
- 1) NFPA (2014). NFPA 921: Guide for Fire and Explosion Investigations, National Fire Protection Association, Inc. (NFPA), Ouincy (MA).
- 2) Redsicker, D.R. (1997). Practical Fire and Arson Investigation, 2nd Ed., CRC Press, Boca Raton (FL).
- 3) Lentini, J.J. (2006). Scientific Protocols for Fire Investigation, CRC Press, Boca Raton (FL).
- 4) DeHaan, J.D. (2007). Kirk's Fire Investigation, 6th Ed., Pearson Prentice-Hall, Inc., Upper Saddle River (NJ).
- 5) TWG FASI (June 2000). Fire and Arson Scene Evidence: A Guide for Public Safety Personnel (NIJ Research Report), U.S. Department of Justice, Technical Working Group on Fire/Arson Scene Investigation (TWG FASI), Rockville (MD).
- 6) Bouquard, T.J. (2004). *Arson investigation: The Step-by-Step Procedure*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Charles C. Thomas Publisher, Ltd., Springfield (IL).
- 7) Swab, S.E. (1983). *Incendiary Fires: A Reference Manual for Fire Investigators*, Robert J. Brady Co. / Prentice-Hall Publishing and Communications Co., Bowie (MD).
- 8) Kästle, H. (1992). *Brandstiftung Erkennen, Aufklären, Verhüten*, Richard Boorberg Verlag GmbH & Co., Stuttgart. FEMA/USFA (January 1993). *Basic Tools and Resources for Fire Investigators: A Handbook* (FA-127, U.S. Fire Administration/USFA), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Washington (DC).

Exams for the academic year: 2022./2023.

Exam dates:	According to the schedule of exams for academic year :

00110000111101111001011	
1. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	Lidija Jakšić, mag.ing.cheming., lecturer
e-mail:	lidija.brckovic@vuka.hr
Office hours / Consultations:	According to schedule of the Department of Safety and
	Protection
2. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	
e-mail:	
Office hours / Consultations:	



### **General information**

Course title:	Quality Control
ISVU <sup>4</sup> course code:	171333, 171404
Studies in which the course is taught:	Specialist Graduate Study in Safety and Protection
Course Instructor:	Lidija Jakšić, mag.ing.cheming., lecturer
Course Assistant:	-
ECTS credits:	6,0
Semester of the course execution:	
Academic year:	2022/2023
Exam prerequisites:	
Lectures are given in a foreign language:	English
Aims:	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the establishment, development and application of quality system and quality control, as well with the basics in the area of quality control of the environment, and with parameters related to the quality of air, water and soils.

### Course

Course structure	Number of contact hours per week:	Number of contact hours per semester:	Student's requirements by type of teaching:
Lectures:	2	30	attendence 80%
Tutorials:	-	-	-
Practical (lab) sessions:	3	45	attendance 100%
Seminars:	-	ı	-
Field work:	-	-	-
Other:	-	-	-
TOTAL:	5	75	

(Define exactly six learning outcomes)	LEARNING OUTCOMES (upon completion of the course the student should be able to:)	FACTORS AFFECTING THE GRADE (e.g. term paper, practical work, presentation,)	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF POINTS PER FACTOR
	I1:Define key quality and quality control concepts.	Written exam	2
	I2:Explain the concepts and definitions of air, water and soil and regulate man's behavior through the Environmental Protection Act.	Written exam	Preliminary exams/ written exam -60 points
	I3: Explain protection against environmental pollution by analyzing air, water and soil	Written exam	Oral exam - 30 points
	I4: Understand the role of statistical methods in the quality control system and know how to apply the appropriate method	Written exam	Class attendance and activity –
	I5: Evaluate the cost-effectiveness of quality control	Written exam	10 points
	I6: Organize the implementation of product quality control and quality control in the industry	Written exam	

 $<sup>^4\,</sup>ISVU-Information$  System of Higher Education Institutions in Croatia



Alternative	<b>or</b> alternative formation of the grade:	I1 - I6	TOTAL: 100
formation of	Class attendence and activity	10 points	points
the grade	2 Preliminary exams/written exam	60 points	
( I1 – I6)	Oral exam	30 points	
		-	
Students'	Students will be able to understand the	role of quality control and understand	the application
competencies	and importance of quality control in the	e environment protection.	

Prerequisites for course approval (lecturer's signature):	Lecture and tutorials attendance.
Prerequisites for taking	Lecturer signature.
exams:	
Grading scale:	(According to the Regulations on student assessment of Karlovac University of Applied Sciences, Article 9, Paragraph 5) 90-100 - excellent (5) (A) 80 to 89.9 - very good (4) (B) 65 to 79.9 - good (3) (C) 60 to 64.9 - sufficient (2) (D) 50 to 59.9 - sufficient (2) (E) 0 to 49.9 - fail (1) (F)  Students are graded during class, what forms 70% of final exam. Students who achieve 50% (35 points) and more are allowed to take the final exam. The score on final exam makes 30% of the final grade.

### **ECTS structure**

ECTS credits allocated to the course reflect the total burden to the student during adoption of the course content. Total contact hours, relative gravity of the content, effort required for exam preparation, as well as, every other possible burden are taken in account:

Attendance (active participation)	Term paper	Composition	Presentation	Continuous assessment and evaluation	Practical work
0,5					[0,5
Independent work	Project	Written exam	Oral exam	Other	
		[3]	[2 ]		

Week	Lectures topics/units and learning outcomes:	Tutorials topics/units and learning outcomes:
1.	Introduction to the course. Quality definitions with an explanation of basic concepts. Quality system: establishing, documenting, implementing, maintaining and improving quality. Overview of Historical Development.	Introduction to laboratory exercises, general instructions, laboratory protection rules.
2.	Terms and definitions related to air, water, and soil.	Sampling errors for testing samples.
3.	Environmental Protection Act. Air Protection Act. Water Act. Agricultural Land Act. Pollution of air, soil and water by technological processes.	Measurement errors and sample testing.



		<del>-</del>
4.	The relationship between human and environmental protection regulated by the Law.	Examination of physical water quality indicators (visual color determination, determination of odor, temperature of air and water).
5.	Quality Management Principles. Quality system elements. External and internal quality control.	Determination of chemical water quality indicators: determination of pH of the water (determination of acidity using indicators, determination of pH with pH meter).
6.	Input control, interoperability control, final control.	Determination of chemical water quality indicators: Determination of electrical conductivity.
7.	Quality Control Methods.	Chemical water analysis: determination of water hardness (determination of carbonate hardness, determination of calcium hardness, determination of magnesium hardness, determination of total hardness)
8.	Quality Costs and Quality Cost Analysis.	Determination of chemical water quality indicators: determination of chloride.
9.	Statistical methods of qualification control.	Determination of chemical water quality indicators: determination of sulfate.
10.	Control Diagrams. Interpretation of control charts.	Determination of the amount of organic matter in water.
11.	Quality management system.	Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.
12.	Ensuring quality of production process. Ensuring the quality of the measurement process.	Determination of CO <sub>2</sub> in water, alkalinity.
13.	Applying seven basic quality improvement tools. Quality Improvement: Diagram-Cause Effect, Paret Diagram, Dispersion Diagram.	Determination of nitrite, nitrite and ammonia in water.  Qualitative demonstration of carbonate in soil.  Determination of pH of soil.
14.	Identify the use of other tools and methods to improve quality.	Processing of the results by statistical methods analysis.
15.	Standards and standardization.	Interpretation of test results using control charts.

#### References

### **REFERENCES (compulsory/additional)**:

- 1) J.M.Juran, Juran's Quality Handbook, McGraw-Hill, 1999
- 2) Z. Jurac, Otpadne vode, Veleučilište u Karlovcu, 2009
- 3) N. Popović, I. Čupor, Tehnologija zaštite okoliša, Priručnik za vježbe, Veleučilište u Karlovcu, 2011.

Exams for the academic year: 2022/2023

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Exam dates:	According to the schedule of exams for academic year 2022/2023			

1. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	Lidija Jakšić, mag.ing.cheming., lecturer
e-mail:	lidija.brckovic@vuka.hr
Office hours / Consultations:	According to schedule of the Department of Safety
2. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	
e-mail:	
Office hours / Consultations:	



### **General information**

Course title:	Quality Control
ISVU <sup>5</sup> course code:	38465
Studies in which the course is taught:	Specialist Graduate Study in Safety and Protection
Course Instructor:	Lidija Jakšić, mag.ing.cheming., lecturer
Course Assistant:	-
ECTS credits:	6,0
Semester of the course execution:	III
Academic year:	2022/2023
Exam prerequisites:	
Lectures are given in a foreign language:	English
Aims:	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the establishment, development and application of quality system and quality control, as well with the basics in the area of quality control of the environment, and with parameters related to the quality of
	air, water and soils.

#### Course

Course structure	Number of contact	Number of contact	Student's requirements by
	hours per week:	hours per semester:	type of teaching:
Lectures:	2	30	attendence 60%
Tutorials:	-	-	-
Practical (lab) sessions:	3	45	attendance 100%
Seminars:	-	-	-
Field work:	-	-	-
Other:	-	-	-
TOTAL:	5	75	

Monitoring of students work, knowledge evaluation and learning outcomes				
	LEARNING OUTCOMES	FACTORS AFFECTING THE	MAXIMUM	
Formation of the grade	(upon completion of the	GRADE (e.g. term paper,	NUMBER OF	
during the implementation	course the student should be	practical work, presentation,	POINTS PER	
of teaching:	able to:)	)	FACTOR	
	I1:Define key quality and	Wilde		
(Define from minimum 5	quality control concepts.	Written exam		
to maximum 10 learning	I2: Explain the concepts			
outcomes)	and definitions of air,			
	water and soil and regulate	Written exam		
	man's behavior through	written exam	Written exam -	
	the Environmental		60 points	
	Protection Act.		-	
	I3: Explain protection		Oral exam - 30	
	against environmental	Written exam	points	
	pollution by analyzing air,	written exam		
	water and soil		Class attendance	
	I4: Understand the role of		and activity - 10	
	statistical methods in the		points	
	quality control system and	Written exam		
	know how to apply the			
	appropriate method			
	I5: Evaluate the cost-			
	effectiveness of quality	Written exam		
	control			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ISVU – Information System of Higher Education Institutions in Croatia



	I6: Organize the implementation of product quality control and quality control in the industry	Written exam	
Alternative formation of the grade (I1-I10)	or alternative formation of Class attendence and activity 2 Preliminary exams/written of Oral exam	10 points	TOTAL: 100 points
Students' competencies		stand the role of quality control ar quality control in the environmer	

Prerequisites for course	Lecture and tutorials attendance.
approval (lecturer's	
signature):	
Prerequisites for taking	Lecturer signature.
exams:	
Grading scale:	(According to the Regulations on student assessment of Karlovac University of
	Applied Sciences, Article 9, Paragraph 5)
	90-100 - excellent (5) (A)
	80 to 89.9 - very good (4) (B)
	65 to 79.9 - good (3) (C)
	60 to 64.9 - sufficient (2) (D)
	50 to 59.9 - sufficient (2) (E)
	0 to 49.9 – fail (1) (F)
	Students are graded during class, what forms 70% of final exam. Students who
	achieve 50% (35 points) and more are allowed to take the final exam. The score on
	final exam makes 30% of the final grade.

### **ECTS structure**

ECTS credits allocated to the course reflect the total burden to the student during adoption of the course content. Total contact hours, relative gravity of the content, effort required for exam preparation, as well as, every other possible burden are taken in account:

Attendance (active participation)	Term paper	Composition	Presentation	Continuous assessment and evaluation	Practical work
0,5					0,5
Independent work	Project	Written exam	Oral exam	Other	
		3	2		

Week	Lectures topics/units and learning outcomes:	Tutorials topics/units and learning outcomes:		
1.	Introduction to the course. Quality definitions with an explanation of basic concepts. Quality system: establishing, documenting, implementing, maintaining and improving quality. Overview of Historical Development.	Introduction to laboratory exercises, general instructions, laboratory protection rules.		
2.	Terms and definitions related to air, water, and soil.	Sampling errors for testing samples.		
3.	Environmental Protection Act. Air Protection Act. Water Act. Agricultural Land Act. Pollution of air, soil and water by technological processes.	Measurement errors and sample testing.		



	T	
4.	The relationship between human and	Examination of physical water quality indicators
	environmental protection regulated by the Law.	(visual color determination, determination of odor,
		temperature of air and water).
5.	Quality Management Principles. Quality system	Determination of chemical water quality
	elements. External and internal quality control.	indicators: determination of pH of the water
		(determination of acidity using indicators,
		determination of pH with pH meter).
6.	Input control, interoperability control, final	Determination of chemical water quality
	control.	indicators: Determination of electrical
		conductivity.
7.	Quality Control Methods.	Chemical water analysis: determination of water
		hardness (determination of carbonate hardness,
		determination of calcium hardness, determination
		of magnesium hardness, determination of total
		hardness)
8.	Quality Costs and Quality Cost Analysis.	Determination of chemical water quality
-		indicators: determination of chloride.
9.	Statistical methods of qualification control.	Determination of chemical water quality
10		indicators: determination of sulfate.
10.	Control Diagrams. Interpretation of control	Determination of the amount of organic matter in
11	charts.	water.
11.	Quality management system.	Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.
12.	Ensuring quality of production process.	Determination of CO <sub>2</sub> in water, alkalinity.
	Ensuring the quality of the measurement	
10	process.	
13.	Applying seven basic quality improvement	Determination of nitrite, nitrite and ammonia in
	tools. Quality Improvement: Diagram-Cause	water.
	Effect, Paret Diagram, Dispersion Diagram.	Qualitative demonstration of carbonate in soil.
		Determination of pH of soil.
14.	Identify the use of other tools and methods to	Processing of the results by statistical methods
	improve quality.	analysis.
15.	Standards and standardization.	Interpretation of test results using control charts.

### References

### REFERENCES (compulsory/additional):

- 1) J.M.Juran, Juran's Quality Handbook, McGraw-Hill, 1999
- 2) Z. Jurac, Otpadne vode, Veleučilište u Karlovcu, 2009
- 3) N. Popović, I. Čupor, Tehnologija zaštite okoliša, Priručnik za vježbe, Veleučilište u Karlovcu, 2011.

Exams for the academic year: 2022/2023

Exam dates:	Ac	cording to the schedule of exams for academic year :

1. Course Instructor/Lecturer:	Lidija Jakšić, mag.ing.cheming., lecturer	
e-mail:	lidija.brckovic@vuka.hr	
Office hours / Consultations:	According to schedule of the Department of Safety	
2. Course Instructor/Lecturer:		
e-mail:		
Office hours / Consultations:		